

The formulae $\frac{\partial \rho U_i}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} (\rho U_j U_i) = -\frac{\partial P}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial U_i}{\partial x_j} \right) + g_i (\rho - \rho_0)$ for building $\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} (\rho U_j U_i) = -\frac{\partial P}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\mu \frac{\partial U_i}{\partial x_j} - \rho u_i' u_j' \right) + g_i (\rho - \rho_0)$ state of the art $\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (\rho U_i H) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left(\lambda \frac{\partial T}{\partial x_i} - \rho u_i' h' \right)$ biomedical research facilities.

Request for Variance

The overarching goals of the DRM are to ensure that NIH facilities are safe, efficient and in compliance with the Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL) and other applicable codes and standards. Although the DRM is a comprehensive document, it is recognized that there are methods of achieving these goals that differ from those prescribed, and which may be more appropriate for a particular situation. For this reason DRM Section 1.5.1, Variance Request Procedures, is provided.

Request for Variance form

DRM provisions are not intended to prohibit the use of alternative systems, methods, or devices that are not specifically outlined, provided that the proposed alternative is equivalent or superior with regards to value and performance.

(Figure 1)

the standards of a building or institution. Cost, user preference and ‘the way it was done before’ are generally not bases for variances. DRM Appendix K (Figure 1) is the Request for Variance form, which requires the following information:

- Project identification, including Work Request number and the names and contact information for the Project Officer (PO) and A/E.
- Project title, building number and location, project percent complete.
- Variance description. This should state the proposed deviation, justification for the deviation and a demonstration of equivalency. Provide the advantage to implementing the proposed variance, and the rationale for the exemption from the requirement.

In order for a variance to be properly assessed, the Request for Variance and supporting documentation should provide the reviewers

with a complete understanding of the function and layout of the spaces and systems in question. The function is often conveyed with a narrative including pertinent facts regarding operation, use and special conditions. For a renovation the layout is often conveyed with demolition and new work plans. Supporting technical data may consist of cut sheets, specifications, manufacturer’s instructions, calculations, etc. Not providing sufficient data for the variance review may result in a delay.

Variance Process

Completed forms shall be submitted by the A/E through the PO. All requested variances within a single discipline shall be submitted as a single package (i.e. all mechanical in one package). This ensures that all related variations are reviewed at one time to preclude conflicts in guidance.

The Request for Variance forms that meet the prescribed criteria will be reviewed by applicable NIH review offices. If the submittal is incomplete, or requires resubmission, additional time may be required for the review. Submissions are based on specific conditions, locations and circumstances, and future variance approvals are at the A/E’s risk. **A variance submission request does not guarantee variance acceptance. Acceptance of a variance does not relieve A/E of any responsibilities as a design professional.**

Following the submittal of a complete package by the PO, 10 working days should be scheduled for a review. Additional time may be necessary depending on the complexity of the request, coordination with other requests, or resubmission due to incomplete documentation. This timeframe shall be considered when developing the overall project development schedule.

All known variances shall be submitted before the completion of the design development stage (35%) for a project. In some cases, the need for a variance may be the result of work done after the design development stage. Only in these cases will late variances be considered.

If a variance is granted the Request for Variance form and back-up material should be included in the project documentation.

Additional Considerations

DRM Section 1.2.1 lists codes and standards that must be used in conjunction with the DRM. The Request for Variance form is used for variances from DRM requirements only.

NIH cannot grant waivers or variances from federally-mandated sustainability or energy efficiency standards or requirements.

NIH cannot grant waivers for accessibility compliance. All requests must be submitted to the U.S. Access Board.

‘Design Requirements Manual (DRM) News to Use’ is a monthly ORF publication featuring salient technical information that should be applied to the design of NIH biomedical research laboratories and animal facilities. NIH Project Officers, A/E’s and other consultants to the NIH, who develop intramural, extramural and American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) projects will benefit from ‘News to Use’. **Please address questions or comments to:** shawm@nih.gov

Further details on this month’s topic are available on the DRM website DRM Section 1.5.1, Variance Request Procedures

<https://www.orf.od.nih.gov/PoliciesAndGuidelines/BiomedicalandAnimalResearchFacilitiesDesignPoliciesandGuidelines/Pages/DesignRequirementsManual2016>